REPORTING PROFORMA FOR MESOTHELIOMA

1.	PATIENT DEMOGRAPHICS Name
	Date & Time of receipt Date & Time of Grossing Grossed by
	Referring Consultant
2.	MACROSCOPIC FEATURES a. Specimen Type/ Operative Procedure: Extrapleural pneumonectomy/Extended pleurectomy/ Partial pleurectomy / decortication/ Core biopsy / Open biopsy/ VATS biopsy/ Other (specify)
	b. Specimen Laterality: Right□ Left□ Not specified□
	c. Tumor Site: Parietal pleura / Visceral pleura / Diaphragm / Other (specify)
	 d. Dimensions: 1. Greatest dimensioncm, 2. Additional dimensionsx_cm 3. Cannot be determined (explain):
	e. Tumor Focality: Localised \square Diffuse \square Cannot be determined \square
	f. Macroscopic Status of involvement of the chest wall/ other structures by tumour: Involved \square not involved \square Not assessable \square
	g. Resection margins: Distance of Closest pleural/soft tissue/ rib cut margin
	BLOCK IDENTIFICATION: Tumour (), Underlying lung(), Adjacent structure() Resection margins ()Lymph nodes()
3.	MICROSCOPIC FEATURES a. Histological tumour type
	 a. Epithelioid mesothelioma(specify subtype) solid, tubulopapillary, and trabecular, micropapillary, adenomatoid (microcystic), clear cell, transitional, deciduoid, small cell and pleomorphic b. Sarcomatoid mesothelioma c. Biphasic mesothelioma d. Desmoplastic mesothelioma
	b. Histologic Grade
	 G1: Well differentiated G2: Moderately differentiated G3: Poorly differentiated, undifferentiated GX: Cannot be assessed
	c. Local invasion

visceral, mediastinal, diaphragmatic pleura

Tumor limited to parietal pleura without/ with involvement of ipsilateral

Tumor involves diaphragmatic muscle
Tumor extends into lung parenchyma The project of the project force is a first in a life to the project of the project o
Tumor involves endothoracic fascia/ into mediastinal fat Solitory focus / Diffuse or multiple foci extends into the soft tissues of the
 Solitary focus / Diffuse or multiple foci extends into the soft tissues of the chest wall
 Tumor extends into but not through the pericardium
 Tumor extends into but not through the perfected thin Tumor involves rib(s)
 Tumor involves rib(s) Tumor involves mediastinal organ(s) (specify):
o Other (specify):
d. Resection Margins Cannot be assessed
Uninvolved by mesothelioma
Involved by mesothelioma
e. Response to neoadjuvant therapy
Less than/ equal to 50% residual viable tumour \Box More than 50% residual viable tumour \Box
Treatment history not known \square Not applicable \square
f. Regional Lymph Nodes
 No lymph nodes submitted or found Lymph Node Examination (required only if lymph nodes are present in the specimen) Number of Lymph Nodes Involved: Number of Lymph Nodes Examined:
4. ADDITIONAL PATHOLOGIC FINDINGS
None identified
Inflammation (specify type)
Asbestos bodies
Pleural plaque
Pulmonary interstitial fibrosis Other (specify):
Other (specify):
7. ANCILLARY STUDIES
Immunohistochemistry for subtyping: □ Performed □ Not Performed
 The 2015 WHO recommends the combined use of a minimum of 2 mesothelial markers and carcinoma markers for establishing the diagnosis If performed, record positive, negative and equivocal markers, interpretation and conclusion 7. IMPRESSION
 → Histologic type → Pathology stage (8th AJCC staging system):pTpNpM (if known) → Complete resection at all margins Yes (R0) □ No (R1 □ R2 □)
- Complete resection at an inargino 100 (NO) = 100 (NT = N2 =)
Date of Reporting Consultant
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